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(Chinese Daily Press).  
PUBLISHED DAILY.  
Is the best medium for Advertising among the  
Sino Chinese Community.  
Established upwards of THIRTY YEARS and  
circulates largely throughout Southern China,  
Indo-China, etc. Is carefully edited by experienced  
Chinese Scholars and contains Full and  
Reliable Commercial Intelligence.  
Terms for Advertising (Illustrations free) can  
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Hankow, or from the different Agents.  
Documents translated from or into Chinese  
or Colloquial Chinese.

二拜禮

號三月上旗卷庫

PRICE \$21 PER MONTH

ARRIVALS.

**July 2.** CHOWFA. British steamer, 1900, P. & O.  
Phillips, Koh-i-noor 24th June, Java, and Swatow  
1st July. General.—YUEN FAT HONG.  
**July 2.** BORNED. Ned. steamer, 1496, J. S. &  
Thomasson, Saigon 27th June, Rice.—  
LAURE, WEBERER & Co.  
**July 2.** PEIYANG. German str., 953, Kohlen  
Wuhu 25th June, Rice and Groundnut—  
STREMSSEN & Co.

**CLEARANCES**  
BY  
JAMES MASTERS OFFICE

Fooksang. British str. for Swatow.

[illegible]

family  
Mr. E. A. I. Everig

AN.	Mc. & Mrs. H. Humphreys	child & wife
	and 3 children	
	Mr. E. R. H. Hunter	Mr. J. Tumb
	Mr. Inghall	Mr. S. Taylor
	Dr. & Mrs. J. Knott & son	Mr. H. & E. Perkins
	Mr. S. A. Levy	Mr. Commander L. Tamm, R. N.
	Mr. & Mrs. G. MacDonald	Mr. L. B. Tufnalt
	Mr. C. M. Natch	Mr. J. W. Varnor
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VESSELS IN DOCK.

ANDERSON DOCK—

COVINGTON DOCK—Agua, Fal To Lo  
Biversdale, Bormia, Actia, Ash.

COMMONFOLD DOCK—Hofeld.

TO-DAY.

Auction of Goods, Pictures, &c. Estate of  
E. Skanks & Co. by Sir J. M. Armstrong  
2.30 p.m. at Officers Mess, at 8 p.m.

Band of the S. U. 1. at Officers Mess, at 8 p.m.

HOTELS.

MOUNT AUSTIN HOTEL

1,400 feet above sea level.

Telegraphic Address.

"Flagship," Hongkong.

Telephone

THE MAGNIFICENT HOTEL

At the most beautiful and healthy part of the Hill District, the air is delightfully cool and bracing, the temperature being at degrees lower than in the valley below, and the location is most luxuriously furnished and appointed.

THE CUISINE is under the personal management of an experienced European Steward.

LAWN TENNIS.—Three Courts in splendid condition are kept for the use of Visitors.

TRAMWAY TICKETS are supplied to Residents and Visitors at the Hotel at reduced rates.

For further Particulars, apply at the Office, 38 and 40, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, or to the Manager.

**MOUNT AUSTIN HOTEL**  
 Hongkong, 30th May, 1894.

**HONGKONG HOTEL**  
 Telephone Address.  
 Kroomlin—A. B. C. Code. No. 3.

THE most comfortable and best appointed

Podder's Wharf (the principal landing place for the goods).

the Colony)  
The Hotel SEAN LAU offers complete passenger baggage to and from all Main Ports.  
The TABLE D'HOTES, at separate tables, supplied with every delicacy.  
The BED-ROOMS, with adjoining Bath-rooms are lofty and well ventilated, open to open air. Verandahs are lighted by electricity and fitted throughout with electric conveniences.  
The READING, WRITING, and SMOKE ROOMS, LADIES DRAWING ROOMS, the Billiard Room and billiard ROOMS (Six English and American Tables) are fitted with every convenience.  
WINES and SPIRITS of the Best Brands of HYDRAULIC ASCENDING ROOMS of this hotel and most approved type country pressure gauges fit from the Entrance Hall to each of five floors above.  
STAIR PORTERS and WAITERRES are constantly on duty.  
R. TUCKER  
Manager.  
HONGKONG, 15th November 1893  
HONGKONG HIGH-LEVEL TRADING COMPANY, LIMITED.  
TIME TABLE

to	11.30 a.m. to 12.30 p.m.	..... Every half hour
at	12.30 p.m. to 2.30 p.m.	..... Every quarter

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## INTIMATION.

A. S. WATSON &amp; CO., LIMITED.

CHEMISTS BY APPOINTMENT.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1841.

MANUFACTURERS OF AERATED WATERS.

Our New Factory has been recently refitted with automatic Steam Machinery of the latest and most approved kind, and we are well able to compete in quality with the best English makers.

The purest ingredients only are used, and the utmost care and cleanliness are exercised in the manufacture throughout.

**COAST PORT ORDERS.**  
Whenever practicable, are despatched by first steamer leaving after receipt of order.

For COAST PORTS, what is picked and placed on board ship at Hongkong prices, and the full amount allowed for Tonnage and Expenses when re-stored in good order.

Counterfeit Order Books supplied on application.

Our Registered Telegraphic Address is  
**DISPENSARY, HONGKONG.**  
And all signed messages addressed thus will receive prompt attention.

The following is a List of Waters always kept ready in Stock:

**PURE AERATED WATER**  
**SODA WATER**  
**LEMONADE**  
**POTASH WATER**  
**SALT WATER**  
**PURE TABLE WATER**  
**LITHIA WATER**  
**SARSAPARILLA WATER**  
**TONIC WATER**  
**GINGER ALE**  
**GINGER BEER**

No Credit given for Bottles that look dirty or greasy, or that appear to have been used for any other purpose than that of containing Aerated Waters, as such Bottles are never used again by us.

A. S. WATSON &amp; CO., LIMITED.

The Hongkong Dispensary, Hongkong.  
The Shanghai Dispensary, 24, Nanjing Road, Shanghai.  
Boissac Legros, 14, Escott, Manila.  
The Canton Dispensary, Canton.  
The Dispensary, Fochow.  
The Hongkong Dispensary, Hankow.  
The Hongkong Dispensary, Tientsin.  
London Office, 8, Fenchurch Buildings, E.C.

Hongkong, 18th June, 1894.

**NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.**

Only communications relating to the present column should be addressed to "The Editor." Correspondents are requested to forward their names and addresses with communications, so as to enable the Editor, in case of non-receipt, to send a notice of non-receipt, but no responsibility is assumed for the loss of letters for publication should be written on one side of the paper only.

No anonymous communications should be accepted. Orders for extra copies of the Daily Press should be sent before 11 a.m. on the day of publication. After that hour the supply is limited. Only Sampled & Cash.

Telegraphic Address: Press, P.O. Box 20.

Telephone No. 12.

**The Daily Press.**

HONGKONG, JULY 2nd, 1894.

From the official correspondence published in another column it will be seen that the Permanent Committee of the Sanitary Board decline to be any party to the removal of plague patients to the hospital at Lai-chi-kok.

That establishment they look upon as a grave danger to the Colony or account of the unresisted communication allowed between patients and their friends and also on account of the manner of burial and the probability that hereafter the shadow graves will be opened and the remains disturbed, rendering the Colony liable to infection in the future.

The arguments are weighty. But as regards isolation, the position of the Committee is somewhat weakened by the fact that friends are allowed to see the patients in the hospitals on this side of the water and to sit with them.

The patients are supposed to be isolated, but the isolation is of anything but a rigid character.

With regard to the burials, too, there is and will be a plague cemetery at Lai-chi-kok whether patients from Hongkong go there or not, and before it is closed the graves will probably be numbered by thousands.

Would a few hundred more or less from Hongkong make much difference to the danger arising therefrom? As to the condition of the hospital itself, probably the Chinese could be induced through the Registrar-General to provide the wherewithal for its maintenance in a clearly and sanitary condition. Whatever might be done in that direction, however, the decision to allow patients to be taken to Lai-chi-kok could only be adopted as the lesser of two evils.

It is easy to point out the objections to the course; but are there greater objections to urge on the other side? We think there are.

The Chinese are in a state of fear and burning with a sense of indignation with reference to the treatment of patients in Hongkong, and the whole population may be said to be practically in league against the Sanitary Board and its officers. Where, as they would go freely to Lai-chi-kok, under existing conditions every possible effort is made to conceal the disease until the cases can be surreptitiously removed. Thus the disease is becoming diffused throughout the colony. Rather than let the present state of this continue it would seem better that the patients should be allowed to go openly to Lai-chi-kok. But the Permanent Committee "go on better" and propose that if patients are sent away at all they should be sent to Canton. Practically they come back to the proposal made by Mr. Ho Aker at the commencement of the epidemic, with this difference, that while Mr. Ho Aker undertook to be responsible for the expense the public purse will now have to bear it. Why Mr. Ho Aker's offer was treated so contemptuously, not being even acknowledged for some time, has never been explained. However, better late than never, and now that the Permanent Committee has recommended that facilities should be provided for the conveyance of plague patients to Canton it is to be hoped

the recommendation will be promptly acted upon. Lai-chi-kok is said to be only a half-way house between the Kowloon district and the Canton hospital, and what the Permanent Committee recommend is that the half-way house should be avoided and the patients be sent to Canton direct. The further they go from the Colony the better, and under the supervision of the Permanent Committee all proper arrangements will be made for their comfort on the passage. To allow patients to go to Lai-chi-kok would be better than to continue the present position, but to send them to Canton would be better still.

Referring to a recent Bradford failure, the Standard assigned as the cause of the disaster the McKinley Bill. Several other large concerns in Bradford, the Standard says, were likely to suspend, as the trade of the town had been half-rained by the McKinley Bill and the delay in arranging a new American tariff. This view is controverted by the San Francisco Chronicle, which says that the English woolen manufacturers are suffering because of the American protective tariff then the protected American mill-owners ought to be thriving. But what are the facts? Let any one pick up an American trade journal and see what the mills are doing. He will read expressions like these: "Manufacturers find the situation very unfavorable." "With no prospects ahead of values doing better manufacturers feel that they will be forced to reduce the cost of production to the price at which goods will sell, or else close down their machinery." These quotations from Bradford and they might be multiplied without any difficulty. "The truth is," the Chronicle goes on to say, "that England, with her free trade, is suffering from industrial depression no more than less than America with her protective system. At least, the general depression which is now apparent throughout the whole industrial world is not attributable to local causes or special circumstances. It is a general disease and is caused by the disturbing and paralyzing influence of shrinking values. Countries whose trade relations are almost exclusively with England are suffering in the same way; the American tariff does not affect them. Take Chile and the Argentine Republic, for instance. And look at the condition of India and other countries in the Far East. It may appear tiresome, but nevertheless we think it worth while to repeat what we have so often said, that the industrial depression, of which the failures at Bradford are symptoms, is to be traced to the disturbance of the world's monetary system—to the devaluation of silver, the appreciation of gold, the fall of prices, the shrinkage of values, and the consequent consternation of the industrial world."

Traders in the Far East know by experience how true are the views expressed by the San Francisco contemporary. The protective tariffs which have been erected as barriers to British trade in various countries are as nothing compared to the great exchange difficulty by which the merchant is confronted at every turn. At Shanghai a Bimetallic League has been formed for the purpose of helping on the movement in support of international bimetalism, an example which might with advantage be followed by all the communities of the Far East. It is not to be supposed that any small local league will by its own efforts be able to accomplish very much, but every little helps, and if similar leagues to that which has just sprung into existence at Shanghai were formed wherever there are large trade interests to be conserved their united voice could not fail to carry weight. At the meeting held at Shanghai to form the league there, Mr. Wernicke, anticipating the question "But what can we do?" replied as follows—1st. That the fact that an active movement is taking place here will encourage and strengthen the several leagues in Europe and America and give them fresh incentive for renewed exertions. 2nd. Unanimity of sentiment in the Far East cannot fail to carry great weight, and if that sentiment is expressed by the formation of leagues in all the communities of its territory, and their combination into a solid unit, an association would be the result which, without doubt, would exercise an important influence in any steps that might be taken for the restoration of international bimetalism. 3rd. Bimetallic leagues were would be able to give those at home material help by keeping them informed as to the movements of the precious metals and the course of trade here, information which is eagerly wanted, judging by the ignorance displayed even among the leaders of opinion in the Western world. 4th. The absence of any such public manifestation of opinion would probably be construed by the opponents of bimetalism as indicative of indifference, and that indifference would be interpreted as showing that after all the trade of the Far East could not bear for so severely. These reasons advanced by Mr. Wernicke for the formation of a Bimetallic League at Shanghai are equally applicable in Hongkong. It may be thought that public opinion on the subject is sufficiently well represented by the Chamber of Commerce. That body, however, has never committed itself to bimetalism out and out, though there can be no doubt as to the views of the majority of its members. If the Chamber chose to constitute itself the local exponent of bimetalism there would, perhaps, be no particular purpose to be served by establishing another organization; indeed the needless multiplication of leagues and societies having the same object is rather to be deprecated, as calculated to lead to the dissipation of energy. Some definite and clear local pronouncement in favour of bimetalism is, however, desirable, and if the Chamber of Commerce does not see its way to take up the subject then a league on the lines of that formed at Shanghai would be justifiable and desirable. We notice that at the Shanghai meeting there was nothing said about sending a delegate to England, an injudicious proposal advanced some time ago, but which has apparently been dropped. The league, we have no doubt, will do much good; the mere fact of its existence will

tell, but while the cause of bimetalism has such able and numerous advocates at home, to send a delegate from China would be sheer waste of time and money. There is little that is new to be said on the question now; what is wanted is not oratory but the weight of numbers.

There were 239 visitors to the City Hall Museum last week of whom 105 were Europeans.

The steamer Catharina, from Canton, left Singapore for this port yesterday afternoon.

The Bangkok Times of the 26th ult. says: His Majesty the King, it was stated yesterday, was suffering from a slight attack of fever, and did not intend to return immediately to the Capital as had been previously arranged.

The Band of the 1st Strathgalloway Light Infantry will play the following programme at the Officers' Mess this evening, commencing at 8 o'clock:—

Overture: "The Goodbye Song," T. Alford.

Selection: "The Goodbye Song," T. Alford.

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enough to make arrangements for their removal in the following manner:—

(1)—To be removed to the hospital at Lai-chi-kok daily at stated times.

(2)—Patients wishing to go to notify the Police of the place of destination, and to deposit a deposit of 100 dollars to the Police, to be paid on duty there for their removal.

(3)—Embarkation of patients to be supervised by a duly qualified medical officer, who should report the number and condition of the sick leaving each trip.

(4)—To further request that you will be good enough to inform us at your earliest opportunity of the hours of work it is proposed that the sick should leave each day, so that the Chinese may be notified thereof by the Registrar-General.

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your most obedient servant,  
J. H. SHAW, Registrar-General.

The Chairman, Permanent Committee, &c., &c., &c.

The following was the Chairman's reply, sent in yesterday morning:

THE HONORABLE THE ACTING COLONIAL SECRETARY.

SIR.—The Permanent Committee have had a meeting on the 29th inst. at 11.15 of the 30th June informing them that His Excellency the Governor had been pleased to sanction the removal of Lai-chi-kok patients to the hospital at Canton, and that the Committee were to be asked to make arrangements therefor.

After a very careful examination of His Excellency's proposal, the Permanent Committee of the Sanitary Board are unanimously of opinion that they cannot assent to the proposed removal of patients to the hospital at Lai-chi-kok, and that they are unable to make any arrangements for their removal.

The Permanent Committee are of opinion that the removal of patients to the hospital at Lai-chi-kok is a matter of great importance, and that they are unable to make any arrangements for their removal.

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OWERS will be RESPONSIBLE for  
 DEBT contracted by the Officers or the Crew  
 of the following Vessels during their stay  
 at Hongkong Harbour—  
 FUCHING SUEY, Hawaiian bk., Mahan  
 Shewan & Co.  
 LUD RHORN, Norw. str., Hammarskjöld—Oder  
 SHARPSHOOTER, Brit. bk., Watts—Order.



